

Name:

Final Exam Practice Pack – Section 6

Term: Any variable, constant, or product of the two

Example: $3, 4x, t, 2r^2, xyz$

Like Terms: Terms that have the **same variable(s)** to the same **exponents**

Example: x^2 and $4x^2$, $7t$ and $3t$, 4 and 9

Degree of a Term: The **exponent** on the **variable** or **sum** of exponents on **different variables** of one term

Example: $3x$ is Degree 1, $4x^2$ is Degree 2, $5xyz$ is Degree 3

Polynomial: Any term or terms **separated by addition or subtraction** where all **exponents** on the variables are **whole numbers**

Example: $5t^2 + 2t - 7$

Example: Combine the **Like Terms** and leave the simplified expression in **Descending Order**

$$5xy + 5x^2 + 2x - 6 - 4yx + 2x + 6 - 3x^2$$

Like Terms are:

$$+5x^2 \text{ and } -3x^2 \quad \text{so} \quad 5x^2 - 3x^2 = 2x^2 \quad \text{Degree of 2}$$

$$5xy \text{ and } -4yx \quad \text{so} \quad 5xy - 4xy = xy \quad \text{Degree of 2}$$

$$+2x \text{ and } +2x \quad \text{so} \quad 2x + 2x = 4x \quad \text{Degree of 1}$$

$$-6 \text{ and } +6 \quad \text{so} \quad -6 + 6 = 0 \quad \text{Degree of 0}$$

xy and yx are the same,
in multiplication order
doesn't matter, $xy = yx$

Since x^2 and xy are both degree 2, which one goes first?

We list them **ALPHABETICALLY**, $x^2 = xx$ and xx comes before xy

$$2x^2 + xy + 4x$$

Identify the number of terms, what are they, and their degrees

1. $2x^4 - 4x^2 - 5$

2. $4x^3yz$

3. $xy - 5xy^3 + 4y$

4. $5x^4y + 4xy^2 - 6xy$

5. -3

6. $3xyz + 5z - x^4$

Put the following Polynomials in DESCENDING ORDER

7. $-2 + 5x^2 - 7x$

8. $-3t + 6t^3 + t - 8t^2$

9. $12 - 3x + 4x^2$

10. $3z^2 - 4z - 5$

11. $xy^2 + xy + xz - y^3$

12. $-5xy - 4y + x^2$

Simplify the following, put your answer in DESCENDING ORDER

$$13. \quad -4t + 7 - 3t - 7t^2 + 14 - 6t^2$$

$$14. \quad -4z^3 = 4z - 7z^2 + 8 - 5z^2 - 9 + 2z^2 + 3z$$

$$15. \quad -5xy + 7 + 5yx - 7$$

$$16. \quad -q + 10q^2 - 17 - 3q^2 + 9q + 14$$

$$17. \quad \frac{2}{3}i^2 + 4i - \frac{5}{6}i^2 - 3i + 6$$

$$18. \quad -5.6x - 4.2y - 2.3x + 7.2y - 3$$

19. $\frac{7}{5}x + \frac{1}{3}y - \frac{4}{5}x - \frac{2}{3}y + 6$

20. $\frac{3}{4}j^2 - 3j - \frac{1}{2}j + \frac{5}{8}j^2 + \frac{3}{16}j^2$

Add the following Polynomials, leave answer in DESCENDING order.

21. $(2x + 7) + (3x - 17)$

22. $(2x^2 + 5x + 7) + (-3x^2 + 7 + 4x)$

23. $(2xy + 5x^3 - 7) + (5xy - 2x^3 + 8)$

24. $(-5 + 7t^2 - 4t) + (-2t + 7t^2 + 8)$

$$25. (-4j^3 + 3j^2 - 5j + 7) + (-3j^3 + 2j^2 - 5j + 12)$$

$$26. (-4 + 3x - 4x^2) + (-7x^2 - x)$$

$$27. (-2t^2 + 7) + (-3t^2 - 6)$$

28. $(2x^2 - 2 - 3x) + (4x^2 - x + 5)$

$$29. (2x - 3x^2 + 2y^2) + (y^2 - 3x - 2x^2)$$

$$30. (-4x + 2x^2) + (5 + 3x^2)$$

$$31. (-5 + 7x^2 - 4x) + (-5x + 2x^2 - 4)$$

$$32. (-3x + 2xy - 2y) + (2xy + 3y) + (3y - 7x)$$

$$33. (2y - 3x + 5xy) + (-2xy - 3x + 7y) + (-2x + 4xy)$$

Subtract the Polynomials, leave answer in DESCENDING order.

$$34. (x^2 - 4x + 7) - (-3x^2 - 4x + 3)$$

$$35. (-t^3 - 5t + 4t^2) - (-2t^2 + 7t + 2t^2)$$

$$36. -(z + 4) - (-3z + 5)$$

$$37. (w + 2) - (2w - 9)$$

$$38. (3r - 6) - (-5r + 12)$$

$$39. (j - 14) - (-7j - 11)$$

$$40. (-2k^2 + 5k - 8k) - (-3k^2 - 2k + 6k) - (-6k^2 + 9k + k)$$

$$41. (5 - 2t) - (-3 + 9t) - (12 + 4t)$$

$$42. (-2x + 3y) - (-4x + 12y) - (-x - 7y)$$

$$43. (-7x - 6y + 13z) - (-4x + 7y) - (-2x + 2y - z)$$

Perform the Combined Operations

$$44. (-2st - 3s - 9t) - (-12st + 8t) + (-3s + 2t)$$

$$45. (-x + 8y) + (12x - 10y) - (5x - 11y + 5z)$$

$$46. (-3xy + 8z) + (-4x^2 - 7z) - (-6x^2 - 8xy + 5z)$$

Multiply the following. Leave answer in DESCENDING order.

47. $-2(x - 5)$

48. $-(2t^2 + t - 4)$

49. $4tp(-3t^2 - 7p)$

50. $-4k^2(k^2 - k + 2)$

51. $-z(-3z - 8)$

52. $2x(-2y + 3x - 7z)$

53. $xy(-2xyz + 3z - xy)$

54. $2st(3s - 4t + st)$

55. $-2x^2(-x^2 + 3y^2 + z^2)$

Divide the following. Leave answer in DESCENDING order

56.
$$\frac{-6x+15}{3}$$

57.
$$\frac{7t^2+5t}{t}$$

58.
$$\frac{-6x^2-12x+18}{3}$$

59.
$$\frac{3q^3+12q^2-15q}{5q}$$

60.
$$\frac{-4t^2+2t}{t}$$

61.
$$\frac{-3a^2bc - ab^2c + abc^2}{-abc}$$

62.
$$\frac{21z^4-9z^3+3z^2}{-3z^2}$$

63.
$$\frac{12r^{12}+8r^3-4r^2}{-2r^{-2}}$$

64.
$$\frac{-a^2b^2c + ab^2c^2 - a^2b^2c^2}{-ab^2c}$$

Perform the Combined Operations. Answer in DESCENDING order.

$$65. -3(-2x^2 - 7x) + 5x(3x + 6)$$

$$66. \frac{-2t(t^2+4t)}{t} - 3t(-4t - 7)$$

$$67. \frac{7q(3q^2+4q)}{-7} + \frac{9q(4q^2-q)}{3}$$

$$68. \frac{-3z^3(z-3)}{3} - \frac{4z^2(3z+6z^2)}{-3}$$