## Section 3.6 - Applications of Rational Equations

This booklet belongs to: $\qquad$ Block: $\qquad$

- Problem solving is challenging because we don't have specific rules to follow
- There are some general guidelines that may help with this endeavor


## Strategy for Solving Word Problems

1. Read the problem careful, sometimes a number of times. Identify what info is given
2. Let a variable represent the unknown information, and represent every else in terms of it
3. If possible/necessary make a diagram or drawing
4. Write an equation relating your unknown quantities to what you are given
5. Solve the equation
6. Check your solutions in terms of the original problem to make sure your answer makes sense

Example 1: The sum of a number and twice its reciprocal is $\frac{9}{2}$. Find the number.
Solution 1: Let $x$ be the number

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{x} \text { is the reciprocal of the number so: } \frac{2}{x} \text { is twice the reciprocal } \\
& x+\frac{2}{x}=\frac{9}{2}, \quad x \neq 0 \\
& 2 x\left(x+\frac{2}{x}\right)=2 x\left(\frac{9}{2}\right) \quad \rightarrow \quad 2 x^{2}+4=9 x \quad \rightarrow \quad 2 x^{2}-9 x+4=0 \\
& (x-4)(2 x-1)=0 \quad \text { so: } \quad x=4 \quad \text { or } \quad x=\frac{1}{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

Check:

$$
\begin{aligned}
4+\frac{2}{4} & =\frac{9}{2} & & \text { or }
\end{aligned} \begin{array}{rlrl}
\frac{1}{2}+\frac{2}{\frac{1}{2}} & =\frac{9}{2} \\
\frac{9}{2} & =\frac{9}{2} & & \text { or }
\end{array} \frac{1}{2}+4=\frac{9}{2} \rightarrow \frac{9}{2}=\frac{9}{2}
$$

Therefore both $x=4$ or $x=\frac{1}{2}$ are solutions.

Example 2: Matt and Niki ride a bicycle a distance of 4 km each morning. They both finish at the same time, but Niki starts 1 minute before Matt, and Matt travels $1 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ faster than Niki. At what speed are they travelling?

Solution 2: Niki's time minus Matt's time is 1 minute or $\frac{1}{60}$ hour.

$$
\begin{array}{r}
\text { Speed }=\frac{\text { Distance }}{\text { Time }} \text { so Time }=\frac{\text { Distance }}{\text { Speed }} \\
\frac{4}{x}-\frac{4}{x+1}=\frac{1}{60} \quad \rightarrow \quad 60 x(x+1)\left(\frac{4}{x}-\frac{4}{x+1}=\frac{1}{60}\right)
\end{array}
$$

|  | Speed | Distance | Time |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Niki | $x$ | 4 km | $\frac{4}{x}$ |
| Matt | $x+1$ | 4 km | $\frac{4}{x+1}$ |

$$
240(x+1)-240 x=x(x+1) \quad \rightarrow \quad 240 x+240-240 x=x^{2}+x
$$

$$
\begin{gathered}
x^{2}+x-240=0 \\
(x+16)(x-15)=0 \\
x=-16 \text { or } 15 \quad(\text { Reject } x=-16 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr})
\end{gathered}
$$

So Niki travels $15 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ and Matt travels 16km/hr

Example 3: The cold water tap can fill a container two hours faster than the hot water tap. The two taps together can fill the container in 80 minutes. How long does it take each tap to fill the container on its own?

Solution 3: Let $x=\#$ of hours it takes for the cold water tap to fill the container alone Let $x+2=\#$ of hours it takes for the cold water tap to fill the container alone 80 minutes $=\frac{4}{3}$ hours

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Cold Hot Together } \\
& \frac{1}{x}+\frac{1}{x+2}=\frac{3}{4} \rightarrow \quad 4 x(x+2)\left(\frac{1}{x}+\frac{1}{x+2}=\frac{3}{4}\right) \\
& 4(x+2)+4 x=3 x(x+2) \quad \rightarrow \quad 4 x+8+4 x=3 x^{2}+6 x \\
& 3 x^{2}-2 x-8=0 \\
& (3 x+4)(x-2)=0 \\
& x=-\frac{4}{3} \text { or } 2 \quad\left(\text { Reject } x=-\frac{4}{3}\right) \\
& 2
\end{aligned}
$$

|  | Cold | Hot | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time (hrs) | $x$ | $x+2$ | $\frac{4}{3}$ |
| Rate (per hr) | $\frac{1}{x}$ | $\frac{1}{x+2}$ | $\frac{3}{4}$ |

So Cold Water Tap takes 2 hours alone, Hot Water Tap takes 4 hours alone

Example 4: A car travels from home to work at an average speed of $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$, and because of traffic returns from work at an average speed of $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. What is the average speed for the entire trip?

Solution 4: The time to travel $d \mathrm{~km}$ going to work is: $\frac{d}{60}$ hours

$$
\text { Time }=\frac{\text { Distance }}{\text { Speed }}
$$

The time to travel $d \mathrm{~km}$ returning from work is: $\frac{d}{40}$ hours
At an average speed of $x \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$, the time to travel $2 d \mathrm{~km}$ is: $\frac{2 d}{x}$ hours
Time $_{\text {going to work }}+$ Time $_{\text {returning from work }}=$ Time $_{\text {total time of trip }}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{d}{60}+\frac{d}{40}=\frac{2 d}{x} \quad(\text { since } d \text { is constant the distnce is irrelevant, so let } d=1) \\
& \frac{1}{60}+\frac{1}{40}=\frac{2}{x} \quad \rightarrow \quad 120 x\left(\frac{1}{60}+\frac{1}{40}\right)=120 x\left(\frac{2}{x}\right) \\
& 2 x+3 x=240 \quad \rightarrow \quad 5 x=240 \quad \rightarrow \quad x=48
\end{aligned}
$$

Therefore the average speed is: $48 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
Example 5: It takes Aaron 9 hours longer than Chris to paint a house. Working together they can do the job in 20 hours. How long would it take each person, working alone, to paint the house?

Solution 5: $\quad$ Let $x=$ the number of hours Chris needs to cmoplete the job alone Let $x+9=$ the number of hours Aaron needs to complete the job alone Then Chris completes $\frac{1}{x}$ of the job in one hour and Aaron completes $\frac{1}{x+9}$ of the job in one hour In 20 hours, Chris completes $\frac{20}{x}$ of the job and Aaron completes $\frac{20}{x+9}$ of the job In 20 hours, Chris and Aaron together complete $\frac{20}{20}$ of the job $=1$

$$
\begin{gathered}
\frac{20}{x}+\frac{20}{x+9}=1 \quad \rightarrow \quad x(x+9)\left(\frac{20}{x}+\frac{20}{x+9}\right)=x(x+9) \quad \rightarrow \quad 20(x+9)+20 x=x(x+9) \\
20 x+180+20 x=x^{2}+9 x \quad \rightarrow \quad x^{2}-31 x-180=0 \quad \rightarrow \quad(x-36)(x+5)=0 \\
x=36 \text { or }-5 \quad(\text { Reject } x=-5)
\end{gathered}
$$

Therefore Chris takes 36 hours and Aaron takes 45 hours to finish the job alone.

Example 6: A speed boat can travel 108 km downstream in the same time it can travel 78 km upstream. If the current in the river is $10 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ what is the speed of the boat in still water?

Solution 6: $\quad$ Speed $=\frac{\text { Distance }}{\text { Time }}$ so Time $=\frac{\text { Distance }}{\text { Speed }}$ Speed in still water is $x \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ Speed with the current is $(x+10) \mathrm{km} / \mathrm{hr}$

|  | Speed | Distance | Time |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| With <br> Current | $x+10$ | 108 km | $\frac{108}{x+10}$ |
| Against <br> Current | $x-10$ | 78 km | $\frac{78}{x-10}$ | Speed against the current is $(x-10) \mathrm{km} / \mathrm{hr}$

Time is equal is both sitautions so: Time $_{\text {with current }}=$ Time $_{\text {against current }}$

$$
\begin{gathered}
\frac{108}{x+10}=\frac{78}{x-10} \quad \rightarrow \quad 108(x-10)=78(x+10) \\
108 x-1080=78 x+780 \quad \rightarrow \quad 30 x=1860 \quad \rightarrow \quad x=62
\end{gathered}
$$

## Therefore the speed of the boat in still water is $\mathbf{6 2 k m} / \mathbf{h r}$

## Section 3.6 - Practice Problems

Unknown number problems

1. The sum of a number and its reciprocal is $\frac{13}{6}$. Find the number.
2. Find two consecutive even integers whose reciprocals add to $\frac{7}{24}$
3. Find two consecutive odd integers whose reciprocals add to $\frac{8}{15}$
4. A number added to the product of 6 and the reciprocal of that number is -5 . Find the number.

## Work Problems

5. It would take Sue 4 hours to paint a large room, and it would take Bob 5 hours to paint the same room. If they work together, how long would it take them to complete the job?
6. Jane works twice as fast as her daughter Anna. If it takes 15 minutes to clean the kitchen together, how long would it take Anna to clean the kitchen by herself?
7. Ken takes 3 hours longer to assemble a motor than Hans. When working together, it takes them 2 hours to assemble the motor. How long would it take Ken to do the job alone?
8. A cold water tap can fill a tub in 6 minutes, and a hot water tap can fill the tub in 8 minutes. A drain can empty the full tub in 10 minutes. If both the taps are on and the drain is open, how long will it take to fill the tub? (Complete waste of water...)

Distance Problems
9. A boat travels 40 km downstream in the same time it takes to travel 30 km upstream. If the current flows at $6 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$, what is the speed of the boat in still water?
10. The speed of a boat in Stillwater is 10 mph . The boat travels 24 miles upstream and back downstream in a total of 5 hours. What is the speed of the current?
11. A woman drives to work at an average speed of 50 mph . The average speed of the return trip home is 30 mph . What is the average speed of the round trip?
12. On a 100 km round trip, Jessica averages $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ to her destination and $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ returning. What is the average speed for the entire trip?

## Answer Key - Section 3.6

| 1. | $x=\frac{3}{2}$ and $x=\frac{2}{3}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2. | $n=6 ;$ numbers are 6 and 8 |
| 3. | $n=3 ; \quad$ numbers are 3 and 5 |
| 4. | $x=-3$ and -2 |
| 5. | Together takes $2 \frac{2}{9}$ hours |
| 6. | Anna takes 45 minutes alone |
| 7. | Ken takes 6 hours alone |
| 8. | $5 \frac{5}{23}$ minutes |
| 9. | Boat Speed: $42 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ |
| 10. Current Speed: $2 \mathrm{miles} / \mathrm{hr}$ |  |
| 11. $x=37.5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ |  |
| 12. $x=48 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ |  |

Pre-Calculus Math 11

Extra Work Space

