## Name:

## Section 3.2 - Graphing Polynomials

1. Use of the tools we have discussed in previous sections as well as this to graph a rough sketch of the given polynomials. All intercepts should be exact, peaks and valleys inferred but not exact if necessary. Create your own grid scale to suit your needs.

$$
f(x)=(x-3)(x+2)^{2}(x-1)^{3}
$$



$$
f(x)=x(x-2)(x+3)^{2}
$$



$$
f(x)=\frac{1}{16}(x-4)^{2}(x+5)
$$


2. Write the equation of the Polynomial in factored form with the following criteria

| Roots at: $-1,-1,0,2$ | Roots at: $2,2,-5,7$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Goes through point: $(1,5)$ | $y$ int: $(0,4)$ |

